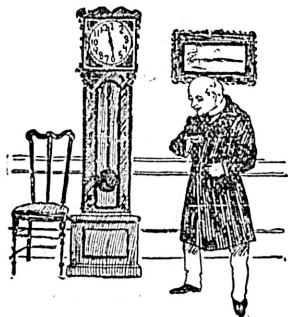


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NEW MANITOBA BUTTER, per lb., 25c. IMPERIAL ROLLED OATS, 7 lb. sack, 25c. LIME JUICE, per bottle, 25c. NATIVE PORT WINE, per bottle, 25c. ARMOUR'S DEVILED HAM, per tin, 25c. ROYAL SALAD DRESSING, per bot., 25c. FRESH CREAM RECEIVED DAILY.

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This favorite brand of Scotch Whisky is acknowledged by all who are judges to be the very best on the market. The demand for this brand of Whisky is constantly on the increase, thus proving that the public appreciate a good article. To be obtained in bulk or in case from

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Sold by all Wholesale Dealers.

JAMES CRAWFORD

Victoria Agent for British Columbia.

Barley Chop \$10 per ton cheaper than oats. Made from pure feed. See that our brand is on every sack. SYLVESTER FRED CO., City Market.

Victoria Day Celebration

The general committee will meet on Wednesday evening next, June 5, at 8 p. m., to receive reports, etc., instead of on Friday evening, May 31, as previously advertised. Accounts will be paid on Monday next at city hall.

HERBERT CUTHBERT, Secretary.

Victoria Day Celebration Committee.

Healthy Chickens

To have healthy fowls they have to be kept clean and fed properly, especially young chicks. For chicken houses use Lee's Lice Killer, or Lambert's Death to Lice. To keep chicks growing, use Chip wheat, prepared meat scraps and bones. To be had from B. M. NODEK, Poultry Supply House, 12 Store St., next to E. & N. Railway.

Toronto

Tragedy

Sensational Murder in Streets That Reads Like Dime Novel.

Handcuffed Desperadoes in Hack Have Revolvers Thrown to Them.

They Kill an Officer and Try to Escape in Electric Car, But Fail.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Toronto, June 4.—(Special)—A tragedy of an altogether unwonted and thrilling character occurred in Toronto this evening. Three men, Rice, Rutledge and Jones, Chicago criminals, who have been undergoing trial at the sessions for robbing a bank at Aurora, were being driven in a hack to jail about 6 o'clock this evening. County Constable Boyd and one prisoner sat on one seat, and the other two prisoners sat opposite. All the prisoners were handcuffed, and the two seated together were also handcuffed together. County Constable Stewart sat outside beside the hack driver.

As the hack passed the corner of Sumack and Gerrard streets, a strange man appeared suddenly, and threw one after another, three revolvers into the hack window. The prisoners succeeded in picking them up and immediately began firing. Constable Boyd was almost instantly shot through the head. The hack was stopped, the prisoners jumped out and sprang on a passing street car, ordering the motorman to go ahead. The car men, however, favored fight. The conductor, with great presence of mind, pulled the trolley pole off the wire and blocked the car. The motorman struggled with the ruffians and the conductor came quickly to his assistance.

Meanwhile Constable Stewart and the hackman had also come quickly up and the whole three were captured. A neighboring grocer, who had seen the man throw the revolvers into the hack, chased him for several blocks, but finally lost this unknown accomplice.

Constable Boyd, who had been left in the cab, was attended by citizens, who took him into the general hospital, hard by, but Boyd hardly lived to reach the hospital.

The trial of the three men would probably have been concluded tomorrow morning, and this was almost the last chance of escape they would have. They had evidently been carefully planning it and had counted on over-awing the car officials and rushing off in the car.

Jones, one of the desperadoes, was wounded in the arm, and it will have to be amputated. It is uncertain who fired the fatal shot at Boyd, but all three now doubtless will have to stand trial for murder.

ALEXANDRA

MINES TO OPEN

Orders Received to Resume Operations at Once—Men Are Pleased.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Nanaimo, B. C., June 4.—The miners at Alexandra are jubilant over the news that Manager Alexander Paulds has received orders by telegraph from Hon. James Dunsinuir this morning, directing him to re-open the Alexandra mines at once. The miners are getting their tools ready, and a mass meeting of the Alexandra miners union is called for 11 o'clock tomorrow forenoon. The shut down has lasted since last December.

H. M. S. Eberia passed down to Victoria this afternoon under sail before a spanking nor-wester.

A private letter to the Free Press says: "The representative of a Chicago syndicate is now on Thurlo island making a preliminary arrangement for a company to work the coal field there. Some years ago an attempt was made, but abandoned. A number of borings have been put down and good prospects found. The island is halfway between Nanaimo and Victoria."

CHINESE INDEMNITY.

Washington Cabinet Engaged With More Negotiations on the Subject.

Washington, D. C., June 4.—The plan of a modus vivendi on the subject of Chinese indemnity is head to head, and consideration of the Chinese interest in the Chinese negotiations, the purpose being to prevent this indemnity from causing any interruption in the concert of the powers, and at the same time to remove the indemnity issue from the progress can be made on the remaining subjects of negotiations, chief of which is the conclusion of permanent treaties between China and the several powers. The question over the indemnity arose during the president's western trip, but since the return of the president and Secretary Hay, it has been taken up anew and thoroughly gone over with the foreign representatives chiefly concerned, including the British, Russian and French ambassadors and the Japanese minister. It is because of the importance attached to these negotiations, that several of the ambassadors who had intended to leave for Europe have now deferred their departure for a month.

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Celebrated Scotch Whiskies.

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Bass' Famous Burton Ale on Draught

Agent.

W. A. WARD.

BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING

PAN-AMERICAN SPORTS.

Intercollegiate Athletics Take Part in Field Events.

Buffalo, June 4.—Clear skies, bright sunshine, tempered by cooling breeze, made an ideal day for the first athletic contests to be held in the stadium at the Pan-American Exposition grounds. Sixteen of the colleges and universities in the east and west sent their representatives to participate in today's intercollegiate track and field events, which marked the real opening of the stadium to sports. The quarter mile track and the 140-yard straight-away located inside the oval, were in fine condition. The athletes are enthusiastic in praise of the stadium.

Duffy, of Georgetown, won the 100 yards dash in easy style, with Deyers of Westminster second. The Maloney Brothers, of Chicago, were in fine form, and won all the events in which they started, with the exception of the 880 yards run, which went to T. M. Perry of Princeton. The finish in the 440 yard run was one of the most exciting of the day. With Maloney defeating Holland of Georgetown by a magnificent outburst of speed at the tape, S. S. Jones of New York outclassed his field in the running high jump. The pole vault resulted in a tie, both Bursley of Purdue and Frederick of Cornell clearing 11 feet. They tried successfully for a higher mark, and finally agreed to toss the coin for first place. Bursley won the toss. The showing in the points made by the different colleges and universities are as follows: Cornell, 28; Chicago, 17; Georgetown and Pennsylvania, 9 each; Westminster, 7; Beloit and Minnesota, 6 each; Yale, Princeton, Purdue and New York, 5 each; Amherst, 2.

Big Review

At Toronto

Ten Thousand Troops to Pass in Review Before Duke of Cornwall.

Government Organ Admits That the Census Has Been Badly Taken.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, June 4.—The greatest gathering of Canadian troops since confederation is to take place in Toronto during the visit of the Duke of Cornwall and York. The government, instead of having a number of reviews in different places, will make the military feature of the trip an attraction at one point only, and Toronto is the chosen city.

Not less than 10,000 men will be assembled in the Queen City. They will be brought from every part of the province, and include all arms of the service. Transportation, pay, and subsistence will be furnished by the Dominion government. The Free Press says the three days the men are away from their homes will be not less than \$40,000.

There is practically no change in the strike situation in Ottawa. The greater majority of the men are still idle. The carpenter contractors have accepted the terms of the union, but the majority of bosses still hold back.

Counsel for Mr. Birkett has entered an appeal to the Supreme Court against the recent decision of Chancellor Boyd on ordinary objections. The appeal will be heard in October.

The Free Press, a government organ, practically admits the census to have been imperfectly taken. The returns are not encouraging as it was supposed they would be. The Free Press says the country will not begrudge the money for taking the census again.

HORIZON CLEARING.

Russia on More Friendly Terms With Other Nations Than Formerly.

St. Petersburg, June 4.—Contrary to certain reports, Russia has never favored the notion of all the constitutional powers guaranteeing the Chinese loan. She replied in terms similar to those of the United States, that the executive could not guarantee without the consent of the legislative branch. Russia prefers a speedy settlement to a guarantee. It is not true that Russia is bitter against Great Britain for offering the present now discussed relations with Great Britain are declared at the foreign office by the officials with whom the correspondent of the Associated Press had a long talk, to be more satisfactory than for a long time. It is also not true that Russian officials are harboring a grudge against Germany. The irritation which arose from German punitive expeditions, naturally ceased when those expeditions were stopped. Russo-German relations have resumed the normal cordiality which they should always have.

It is not believed here that France intends to annex the island of Hainan, and the Russian officials see no occasion for existing uneasiness on the subject of the French Korean loan. It is pointed out the French-Belgian concession for a railroad from Seoul to the Manchurian frontier is several years old. Russia anticipates that the road will ultimately be constructed.

The Macedonian question is not expected to occasion anxiety this summer. The Russian ambassador, M. Zinovief returns to Constantinople because his leave has expired. His successor, The informant of the correspondent of the Associated Press regards the political horizon as clearer than for years past.

DUE TO "SOONERS."

Indians Alarmed at Whites Trying to Enter Their Reserves.

Denver, Colo., June 4.—General Merriam, commander of the department of Colorado, today received the following telegram from Lieutenant-Colonel Lee, in command at Fort Washkie, Wyoming: "It is reported that an Arapaho sheep herder was killed last Friday on the reservation thirty miles north of the agency, by a white sheep herder. This, if true has no connection with reported disturbances, though it might increase some of the Arapahoes. The agent of the reservation has heard nothing of the matter, and everything is apparently quiet."

Troop "B," first cavalry, is stationed at Fort Washkie, and General Merriam believes it will be sufficient to meet any emergency. He added that the ill-feeling among the Indians was due to the presence of "Sooners."

ANOTHER JUDGE.

Mr. Leamy Gets the Appointment for Kootenay District.

Ottawa, Ont., June 4.—(Special).—A. Leamy, appointed county judge for Kootenay district.

A Modus Vivendi

Sir Louis Davies Makes a Proposal Regarding British Columbia Fisheries.

And Cites What Has Been Done in Regard to Other Provinces.

Dominion Will Keep Control Until the Courts Give a Decision.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, June 4.—Sir Louis Davies has wired Attorney-General Eberts of British Columbia, that the Dominion government has no objection to the province taking charge of the fisheries, to which it is entitled under the judgment of the Privy Council. This has been done by Ontario and Quebec without trouble resulting.

As to the sea coast fisheries, there are difference of opinion, and it had been agreed between the Dominion and Quebec to submit a case to the courts.

He hoped this would prove satisfactory to British Columbia. The Dominion would retain control of the sea coast fisheries, and if the judgment in the test case proved adverse to it, would pay over the revenue to British Columbia, less the expenses of administration. With regard to the Fraser river, both the Dominion and British Columbia could issue licenses and exact fees up to a point where the river debouches in the Straits of Georgia.

As to city regulations affecting the fisheries which the Provincial legislature may have passed, they were ultra vires, as power to regulate them rested with the Dominion according to the Privy Council judgment. Ontario had been compelled to cancel its regulations on this ground.

PULP WORKS CLOSED.

Clergue's Mill at the Soo Temporarily Shuts Down.

Toronto, June 4.—(Special).—Owing to the temporary depression in the pulp business at present, prices have dropped somewhat. As a result of this, and for other reasons not assigned, the Clergue syndicate's big mill at Sault Ste. Marie has been shut down for the time being. No hardship is experienced in this case, however, as all the men are employed in one or other of Clergue's various enterprises in and about the Soo. A curious incident to the depression in trade is that the bountiful rains of the last few months have so swollen the streams of the United States that many pulp mills which ordinarily run only two or three months in the year owing to low water, have been obliged to keep going the greater part of the time.

OFFERS A REGIMENT

Cable From London Intimates That Canada Has Tendered More Troops.

London, June 4.—(Special).—The action of the Canadian government in tendering the services of a mounted cavalry regiment in South Africa is greatly appreciated by the home authorities. Notwithstanding rather serious fighting of the past week, there is nothing in the situation in South Africa to cause alarm, and it is stated in Colonial office circles, that the answer of Mr. Chamberlain to Canada's offer will be in the present the British government does not consider it necessary to accept the services of any more colonial troops.

Ottawa, June 4.—(Special).—Colonel Scott's present intention is to remain in South Africa for one year. He has been given leave of absence for this period, his object being to return to the Canadian service and earn his superannuation.

PAPER MAKERS COMBINE.

Proceedings of the Investigation at Toronto Continued.

Toronto, June 4.—(Special).—The inquiry instituted by the government at the instance of the Canadian Press Association, to ascertain whether a combine exists between the paper makers of Canada, under an agreement forming a paper makers' association, was resumed before Justice Tachereau in the superior court room at the municipal buildings this morning. The Canadian Press Association was represented by Walter Barwick, K.C., John A. Cooper, the secretary-treasurer, and D. McGillicuddy. The Paper Makers' Association was represented by W. J. White, K.C., Jas. Harly, secretary-treasurer of the association, and A. F. Campbell, of the Canadian Paper Company, and Alex. Bunting, of Alex. Bunting & Sons.

Opening the proceedings, Mr. Barwick, on behalf of the Press Association, submitted that his clients should not be regarded in the light of prosecutors, and in support of that contention, quoted the order in council forming the commission, which set forth that the Governor-General had reasons to believe that a combine existed. Therefore, he argued, his Lordship should regard the case as an investigation rather than a judge. Mr. Barwick pointed out that the reason why he took this objection was that he desired to have freedom in examining any witness who enters the box.

Several newspaper publishers gave evidence showing the effect of the formation of the association had been a serious increase in prices in paper. The members of the Paper Makers' Association urged one object of the combination was to avoid losses incurred previously by rate cutting. Lower prices quoted from the United States had only come down lately.

OUT OF SEASON.

New York, June 4.—The search for game birds in the storage lofts of the Arctic Freezing company has ended, and the warrant under which the search was made was returned today. It is reported that 48,000 birds out of season were found.











## The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1901.

Published by

The Colonist Printing &amp; Publishing Company, Limited Liability

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria B. C.

PERCIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

## THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by carrier at 20c. per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at the following rates:

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Six Months ..... 3 00

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TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

## NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted, should be handed in to the business office not later than 6 p. m. Advertisements accepted up to 8 p. m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p. m., consult the Night Editor.

## \$10 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as will lead to the conviction of anyone stealing the Colonist from the doors of subscribers.

## YUKON GOLD.

The decision of the Council of the Board of Trade to take steps to raise a fund for the purpose of covering any loss which the banks may sustain through paying the same price here for gold that it realizes in Seattle, appears to meet with the approval of the business community. In less than two hours yesterday afternoon, over \$2,000 was subscribed, which, added to \$2,500 already assured from another source, makes \$4,500 already available. The energetic committee having the matter in charge proposes to continue, and have set \$10,000 as the mark at which they will aim.

Owing to the fact that gold is not assayed here and purchased by the Assay Office, it is out of the question for the banks in this city to give as much for gold as it will sell for at the Seattle Assay Office. The difference is about three-tenths of one per cent., not a very large amount, but enough to turn the tide in favor of the city on the Sound. The fund now being raised is to pay this small difference, and it will enable Victoria to make it known all over the Northern country that miners can get as much for their gold here as they can anywhere else. It is hoped that the result will be that more miners will come to this city on their way out than have formerly done so. In taking this step the example of Vancouver is being followed.

This arrangement is necessarily only temporary. What is needed is the settlement of this whole question so that there will no longer be a steady flow of Canadian gold to an American city. The importance of stopping this movement is great. Seattle advertises far and wide that all the gold from the Yukon comes there, and that is practically the truth. It is a great drawing card for that town, which the wide awake people are not slow to take advantage of. It is high time that a change was inaugurated, and we hope that steps will be taken when Sir Wilfrid Laurier is on the Coast next month to bring it about.

## THE NEWS SERVICE.

The Victoria Times and the Vancouver World have recently spoken in not very complimentary terms of the telegraphic service given the British Columbia newspapers. They have only said what the readers of these papers have been saying for some time past. No criticism is made as to the volume of telegraphic news received, which is fully what cities of the size of those of British Columbia can reasonably expect. It is the quality that is inexcusable. It is astounding what the editor of the Associated Press despatches for this Coast thinks we ought to be interested in. Let us take a sample or two. A few weeks ago the second despatch in point of magnitude received by the Times as a part of the day service was the story of a little boy in Brooklyn, who had left home in the morning and had not come back, and his father was afraid that he might have fallen into the water and been drowned, although he admitted it was possible that he had gone off with some playmates. A few days later the Colonist had a despatch telling that some queen in the Balkan region had again come to the dinner table. This item, which by itself was utterly uninteresting, was the concluding chapter of a strange story of that particular queen, who has been endeavoring to persuade her more or less royal spouse that she has lately presented him with a son and his heir. Once a week we get a so-called European letter by wire. It reads very much as if some one had taken a pair of scissors in the dark and cut up some stuff that happened to be in the office. We got the other night the information that Senator Beveridge of

the United States had gone to see some one in England. Now we protest that no one in British Columbia cares where Senator Beveridge goes or stays. He is doubtless an amiable person, but we are not lying awake at night to print a paper telling of what a lot of amiable American politicians are doing. Take last night's Times, which is rather better supplied with telegraphic news than usual. The public were told that it had been raining heavily in New York state, that two yachts were going to have a trial race on June 24, that it is not true that Mrs. Maybrick has been released from prison (no report that she had ever been sent there), that Mrs. McKinley's condition was unchanged, that two men had shot each other in Chicago, that President McKinley has given the King of Sweden his photograph, that there is some talk of a local coal and coke combine in the United States, that there is to be no extra session of congress, that a man no one out here ever heard of before is being tried for fraud in Philadelphia, and so on. There is no use in saying that this is the pick of the news. It is nothing of the kind. It is the refuse. All any one has to do is to examine the daily papers of other cities to find this out. The press of British Columbia will have to take this matter up.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Fifth Article.)  
Graham Island, of the Queen Charlotte Group, is the second island in size in British Columbia. We have approximated its area at 2,000 square miles. There is an extensive lake in the centre connected with the sea at the northern end of the island. Moresby Island is the second of the group in size. It lies south of Graham. Its greatest length is 85 miles, and its greatest width 40, but in places it is not more than 5 miles across from shore to shore. Its outline is so irregular that no close estimate can be made of its area, but it doubtless contains over 1,000 square miles. Both these islands are mountainous and the same holds good of the smaller members of this group. At the northern end of both Graham and Moresby there are small areas suitable for agriculture or stock raising, but for the most part the whole group must be classed as non-arable. The climate is very fine. The rainfall is less than on the corresponding latitude on the Mainland, and the greatest cold ever experienced since records have been kept was 8 degrees above zero, Fahr. During the past eight years the thermometer has never gone below 18 degrees. This mild climate is due to the effect of the Japan current. There is some snow every year, and the highest peaks in the interior are snow-capped through the whole twelvemonth.

The known mineral resources are coal, copper, gold and silver, but only limited prospecting has been done for anything except coal. The latter is found both on Graham and Moresby islands. The ascertained areas are extensive and the quality of the coal is good. Gold has been mined by the Hudson's Bay Company on Moresby Island. Prospects have been found in numerous other places, but it is only very recently that anything like systematic exploration has been undertaken. While it is too soon to forecast results, it may be said that the outlook is favorable. If any persons desire an almost virgin field for this sort of work, they can find it in the Queen Charlotte group, and the conditions of life there are by no means arduous.

Except on the highest levels and near the coasts, the islands of this group are well timbered, principally with spruce and cedar. The wood is of good quality. Whatever doubt may exist on other points, there is none as to the values of these islands from the standpoint of the fisherman. The most valuable fish found in the adjacent waters is the halibut. They are not large in size, but are excellent in quality. They seem to exist in inexhaustible quantities. They can be taken at any season of the year at some points around the coasts. Salmon are present in all the inlets in incalculable numbers. Codfish are also taken, but not so much is known as to their numbers, as little or no attention has been paid to this fishery. Three factories have been set up for the manufacture of dog-fish oil.

As is the case in most of the islands along the northwest coast, wild berries, namely, huckleberries, cranberries and huckleberries and large wild strawberries grow in profusion. There are about 600 Indians on Graham Island, and possibly a hundred white people on all the group.

Of the smaller islands of British Columbia, Texada attracts the greatest attention. It is situated in the northern part of the Gulf of Georgia, between Vancouver Island and the Mainland. It is 30 miles long with an average breadth of 6 miles. It has been described as "a mass of mineral." It is known to contain copper, gold and iron in paying quantities, also great deposits of lime and marble. Mining for the three minerals named is being successfully prosecuted. Great attention has recently been directed to this island by the discovery of exceptionally rich free-milling quartz in quantity which warrants the institution of stamp mills.

The principal scene of mining operations at the present time is near the northeast end of the island, in the vicinity of Stuart Bay, where the town of Van Anda is situated. There is a smelter here. The business of Texada Island is steadily increasing, and it is now safely established as a growing mining centre.

The island is well timbered and contains a considerable area suitable for agriculture. On the whole, for its area, it would be difficult to find anywhere an island enjoying better advantages than Texada.

The scores of islands and islets, which lie along the British Columbia coast are almost all mineralized. It is impossible to mention each particularly. On some of them, notably on Princess Royal Island, prospecting has been done, but for the most part they are virgin ground. On Princess Royal a very promising copper deposit is now being opened. Almost all the islands are well timbered, and on some of them there is land fit for farming, but ex-

cepting on the more southerly, agriculture is not likely to be an important industry. Mining and lumbering will prove the chief sources of wealth. On some of the islands of the Gulf of Georgia farming is now prosecuted successfully, and there is considerable vacant land. The climate of these islands is very agreeable. They are protected by Vancouver Island from the winds from the ocean. The snow fall is light, and there is, in point of fact, no winter as it is understood in the interior of the Continent, or in corresponding latitudes on the Atlantic coast.

Speaking generally of the Island section of British Columbia, one may say that it contains very many elements of great prosperity. Its genial climate, the ease with which all parts of it can be reached, the existing means of communication, the variety of resources and the large area yet to be explored, combine to make it a portion of Canada that ought to command very much greater attention than it has hitherto received. The indications are that any deficiency in this regard will be supplied in the near future, as the fame of the developed properties becomes more widely extended.

## PROGRESS IN MINING.

Mr. David B. Bogle has been led by the publication of Mr. Herschell-Cohen's letter to send us a communication dealing with the progress of mining in British Columbia. The facts stated by Mr. Bogle are very interesting. We hope other readers will follow the example of these gentlemen and let us hear from them on points germane to the subject in which the Colonist is endeavoring to arouse a renewed interest.

No doubt Mr. Bogle is correct in citing the poor returns from investments in this province as a reason why it is difficult now to secure British capital for British Columbia investments. One has only to look over the financial papers of London to see the attractive list of dividends on Westralian and other properties, with which this province has to compete when inviting the investment of capital. There is no getting away from the fact that our list of dividend-paying mines is meagre when compared with the number of flotations. Mr. Bogle hints at what he thinks is the cause of this. The point is well worth exhaustive discussion. If we could point to a list of dividends regularly paid from British Columbia mines, we would not have to seek for capital. Capital would seek us out. What is the real trouble? Will those who are best able to express opinions in this connection kindly do so? No subject is better worthy of close consideration. The province is full of mineral. Good mines have been opened. Why are not dividends the rule?

The Times thinks that if there were no Mongolians in British Columbia, there would be such an influx of white labor that wages would go down, so as to bear some relation approximately with the rates paid in other places. When Mr. Turner said something like this in the house not very long ago, our recollection is that the Times belabored him therefor. Has our contemporary been brought to change its way of thinking by the Chinese Commission?

The Constitution has been dismissed. She can sympathize with Shamrock II. there seems to be such a thing, after all, as carrying too much sail.

## B. C. MINING.

To the Editor.  
Sir, I read with interest Mr. Herschell-Cohen's letter in your issue this morning on the question of why British Columbia has ceased to attract British capital for mining purposes. He seems to give as reasons for this that the mining law is a wrong, that the people of British Columbia are given to demagogic utterances, and that they are indifferent to the progress of the industry. I cannot agree with Mr. Cohen that the progress of mining is languishing. In seven years our output has grown from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000. Not only so, but the rate of increase has shown a tendency to increase so that last year we have added \$1,000,000 in one year alone. For the present year we have very satisfactory evidence to one extent at least, that of silver lead mining, which will probably be stationary if not retrogressive. But there is a much more important fact in British Columbia, but common to all North America. The Copper district of Idaho, which produced 27,000 tons of ore last year and has already in five months produced 180,000 tons of ore; also the coast, which produced 11,000 tons last year and will produce at least 20,000 tons this year. The indications are that our rate of increase will be safely maintained this year. Now compare this with the growth of some similar territory. Take Colorado, the average state of the United States. Twenty years ago the output of Colorado was about \$15,000,000 a year; it is now \$150,000,000. In twenty years it has grown at the rate of increase we are now showing, the output of British Columbia would be \$80,000,000 a year. Would Mr. Cohen go so far as to say that the mining progress of Colorado during the last twenty years had been infinitesimal? It is not fair to compare things that are not comparable. It is not fair to compare the Rand with any other country. Because the Rand was and is a mine in British Columbia, it is a mine of blankets carrying a uniform average gold content over a distance of a distance of miles. It is a mine of blankets, and I will show you a Johannesburg in Canada within ten years, within five years in the Rand itself. Show me an outcrop of low grade iron like the Knob Hill and Ironbills in South Africa and I will show you a proposition which has been left untouched because it is such a thing it is unheard of by British capital, but in the contrary case I will show you a proposition which by Canadian enterprise and Canadian capital has been made a productive mine. Mr. Cohen, however, does not compare British Columbia with the Rand but with the jungle. Quite true, but the excitement in the jungle market is entirely due to the fact that the jungle is claimed to be a rich and uniform blanket formation similar to the Rand. Whether it is so or not remains to be proven to the outside world. Provide us with a similar basis for a boom in British Columbia and you will see a similar boom.

It is, however, the fact that British capital is not coming into British Columbia in any great quantity. But the reasons given by Mr. Cohen for this are not largely incorrect. Can he point to any British colony or part of one, where the law is more favorable to the exploitation and working of mineral resources? I know that at any attempt to borrow regulations from Australia or New Zealand the skies are rent with a roar of protest from the very people who are apt to say "our law is the best." Demagogic utterances against capital are doubtless foolish, as capital is a desirable and necessary thing, but I know of no civilized country in which such utterances are so small in volume and if such a thing may be said, so moderate in tone as in this Canada of ours. It is a pathetic picture Mr. Cohen draws of the timid capitalist frightened by the demagogic utterances in British Columbia. But the same picture is drawn of the timid capitalist in the West African native. As to our lethargy, what Mr. Cohen says may or may not be true. Anyway, it is a good thing for us to be told and an evidence of that affection which chasteneth.

The real reason why British Columbia is not attracting British capital is so simple that Mr. Cohen has overlooked it. It is simply that the British capital already invested in British Columbia is not earning satisfactory returns. And the reason why it is not earning satisfactory returns is that it was largely invested without due knowledge of the natural conditions of the country. Of course, some of us say the British

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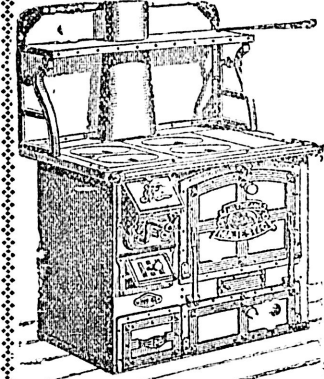
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companies are swindlers, and some of them say we are swindlers. But such accusations are merely the amenities of life and instances of man's resistance to a personal devil. It has been born of ignorance of natural conditions which has led to the loss of the capital. Therefore, I am a firm believer in the value of an educative campaign based on facts and accurate knowledge of the province, and coupled with unbounded faith in its limitless resources.

Before I finish let me explain by a reference to a paragraph which appeared in the Colonist this morning. The difficulty outsiders have in appreciating conditions in the province. It was a reference to a paragraph in the Museum showing the province's output of placer gold from year to year. There was not a word in this paragraph except at the very end to indicate that only placer gold was alluded to. The word "placer" too, is purely American. The corresponding word in use in England is "alluvial." An Englishman reading this paragraph who was not familiar with American mining terms would undoubtedly carry away the impression that the paragraph referred to the whole gold yield of the province. There you see a wrong impression naturally given and accepted on both sides in perfect innocence. It is to overcome just such mutual misapprehension that we must have a patient, persistent campaign of education directed against the strongholds of British capital.

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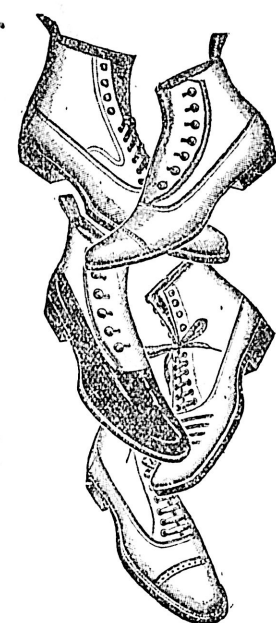
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One of the finest, if not the finest farm in the valley, comprising 1300 acres, 500 of which are under cultivation, and 100 of which are meadow in addition. The buildings on this property are modern, and of the very best; orchards, drainage, and everything being in first class repair. This is one of the finest grain ranches that is for sale in the Upper Country.

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### THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Victoria, June 4-8 p. m. SYNOPSIS.

The barometer has risen over the central portion of the North Pacific slope, but remains low over the greater part of British Columbia and throughout the Northwest Territories. Rain is falling in the Yukon, Alberta, and Saskatchewan and snow at Calgary. Cool weather prevails in the Northwest, and moderate temperatures are reported from Barkerville and Kamloops. West of the Rockies light showers have fallen near the coast.

TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	44	56
New Westminster	44	58
Kamloops	40	58
Barkerville	30	42
Calgary	30	42
Winnipeg	20	32
Portland, Ore.	48	56
San Francisco, Cal.	48	61

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time), Wednesday:

Victoria and vicinity: Moderate or fresh westerly winds, mostly fair; but some change in temperature.

Lower Mainland: Light or moderate westerly winds, mostly fair, stationary or higher temperature.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

	TUESDAY, JUNE 4.	DEG.
5 a. m.	44	Mean
11 a. m.	54	Highest
5 p. m.	55	Lowest

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

	5 a. m.	12 m.	5 p. m.
Direction	12 miles west.	12 miles west.	21 miles west.
Average state of weather	Fair.	Fair.	Fair.
Rain—Inches	0.11	0.11	0.11
Sunshine—Hours	12	12	12
Barometer at noon—Observed	30.029	Corrected	30.029
NEW WESTMINSTER.	Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected	30.02	

### Economical, Delicious and Nutritious.

Avoid much meat eating at the morning meal in summer. It conduces to heaviness, drowsiness and defective digestion. One pound of steak makes but two meals; one package of Malt Breakfast Food makes thirty meals, and furnishes more strength, vim and energy. It is the most economical of foods. Malt Breakfast Food is easily digested and its delicious flavor makes it a fast friend with old and young. All Grocers.

### VICTORIA TIDES.

For the Month of June, 1901. (Issued by the Tidal Survey Branch of the Department of the Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to the average lowest yearly tide, and 18.3 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt Dry Dock.

The time used is Pacific Standard for the 120 meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The height is in feet and tenths of a foot.

Date.	Day.	Time.	Time.	Time.	Time.	Time.	Time.
1	Sa	0.11	8.3	8.40	1.6	18.32	7.1
2	Su	0.40	8.4	9.10	1.2	18.20	7.3
3	Mo	1.10	8.5	9.40	0.8	18.08	7.4
4	Tu	1.38	8.4	10.21	0.8	17.56	7.5
5	We	2.05	8.3	11.01	0.9	17.44	7.6
6	Th	2.35	8.0	11.79	1.0	17.32	7.7
7	Fr	3.02	7.7	12.55	1.1	17.20	7.8
8	Sa	3.67	7.4	13.29	1.2	17.08	7.9
9	Su	4.30	7.0	14.00	1.3	16.96	8.0
10	Mo	4.90	6.5	14.68	1.4	16.84	8.1
11	Tu	5.48	6.0	15.33	1.5	16.72	8.2
12	We	6.04	5.5	15.95	1.6	16.60	8.3
13	Th	6.58	5.0	16.54	1.7	16.48	8.4
14	Fr	7.20	4.7	17.08	1.8	16.36	8.5
15	Sa	7.81	4.2	17.64	1.9	16.24	8.6
16	Su	8.40	3.7	18.12	2.0	16.12	8.7
17	Mo	8.97	3.2	18.57	2.1	16.00	8.8
18	Tu	9.50	2.6	19.38	2.2	15.88	8.9
19	We	10.38	2.0	20.14	2.3	15.76	9.0
20	Th	11.20	1.4	20.85	2.4	15.64	9.1
21	Fr	11.96	0.8	21.51	2.5	15.52	9.2
22	Sa	12.67	0.2	22.52	2.6	15.40	9.3
23	Su	13.33	0.2	23.38	2.7	15.28	9.4
24	Mo	13.94	0.2	24.19	2.8	15.16	9.5
25	Tu	14.50	0.1	24.95	2.9	15.04	9.6
26	We	15.01	0.0	25.66	3.0	14.92	9.7
27	Th	15.57	0.0	26.32	3.1	14.80	9.8
28	Fr	16.40	0.0	26.93	3.2	14.68	9.9
29	Sa	17.19	0.0	27.50	3.3	14.56	10.0
30	Su	17.94	0.0	28.02	3.4	14.44	10.1
31	Mo	18.65	0.0	28.49	3.5	14.32	10.2

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### THE RACE, THE RACYLE AND THE RESULT.

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The cry went up, "They're off at last." And, speeding down the track, they passed a youth, who took and held the lead. He rode a wheel renowned for speed.

THE RACYLE.

Did he feel sad? Not much, you bet; "Twas those heels that had caused the fret; A shout arose, "What does he ride?" Ten thousand voices loud replied.

A RACYLE.

"Beware! my son, be not too rash; Beware! the awful strain and crash; 'Twas the veteran's kindly hand, The youth replied, "They never fail."

THESE RACYLES.

"Oh, stay," the maiden said, "I'd like To read the name upon your bike." "Most certainly," the youth replied, "Tis as I thought the maiden cried."

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There in the twilight cold they lay, The vanished champions of that day. So chance had them to win a race, With bikes not built to keep the pace.

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If I had a "bike" and it wouldn't go, I'd think I'd smash it? Oh, no, no; I'd sell it cheap to some "wise guy" And then, you bet, I'd go and buy A RACYLE.

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## To Secure Yukon Gold

Board of Trade Takes Steps to Turn Golden Tide to Victoria.

A Guarantee Fund to be Created—Vancouver Asked to Co-Operate.

A good deal of idle talk has been indulged in lately over the alleged negligence of the British Columbia Board of Trade in not taking active steps to secure to Victoria a share of the Yukon gold output of this season.

The Dominion government having failed to establish assay offices at Victoria and Vancouver, as it was expected they would, the business community felt that this city should follow the example of Vancouver, by offering inducements to miners to sell their gold here instead of taking it to Seattle.

As a matter of fact, the British Columbia Board of Trade has been fully alive to the importance of the question and has been working quietly to bring about an arrangement which would tend to secure to Victoria her legitimate share of this business.

The council of the board has held meetings and endeavored in every way to promote the city's interests, but refrained from making public announcement of its action until something definite was accomplished.

Vancouver, as is pretty generally known, has raised a fund of \$5,000 to indemnify purchasers of gold dust from the losses that will be sustained by paying the mint value. It has now been determined that Victoria will do the same.

The local managers of the banks have agreed to buy the gold from the miners, paying them exactly the same price which they could obtain at Seattle, San Francisco or Washington.

This course, of course, would result in the loss of the gold to the banks, as there is no provision for the gold in the guarantee fund. It is to be made up to the guarantee fund by the banks.

The banks will not derive a cent of profit from the transaction, but they are willing to handle the gold at actual cost, looking for their profit to the increased general business, which the circulation of a large sum of money in the city would be sure to create.

There is a good deal of misapprehension about this question of gold buying, and it is well that the public should understand it thoroughly. It must be remembered that gold dust is as much an article of commerce as wheat, butter or eggs, and that the producer gets less for his dust at the point of production than he does for his gold at the point of consumption, i.e., the mint.

The United States government, recognizing this fact, empowers their purchasing agent at Seattle to pay the full price of the gold, they bearing the loss of transportation to the mint.

The whole matter is very fully explained by the provincial mineralogist, Mr. Robertson, in a report to the Minister of Mines, which is embodied in the report of the British Columbia government delegation to Ottawa, wherein the establishment of a mint and assay offices in British Columbia is fully discussed.

Mr. Robertson says:

"Practically all the gold from the North goes to the United States, either from the banks in the North or is brought down by returning steamers. The gold brought down by the latter is at once converted into cash, a very large percentage of which is spent in the city where such cash is received in the purchase of supplies, either for immediate consumption, or to be again taken North.

"It may be fairly stated that Seattle owes its present size and importance as a coast city to its position as a bank sent to the British Columbia government assay office. The charges there are practically the same as the Seattle assay office, but the bank in British Columbia has to send the bars to the mint, and in addition to again paying the assay charges has to defray the cost of expressage, insurance and other charges, and at the same time provide for a fair business profit. The price obtained for gold dust taken to Seattle is higher, therefore, than that paid at the bank in British Columbia by the above charges, which amount to about two per cent on the gross value of the gold.

"To meet this competition, British Columbia must be in a position to offer at least as good terms as Seattle, and the provincial mineralogist makes the following suggestion, as an alternative proposal, in case the mint should not be established in British Columbia:

"The government of British Columbia to be authorized to purchase, as agents for the Dominion government, all gold offered, at the same rate as that paid by the United States government; the local government establishing the necessary offices and being responsible for all losses. The gold to be handed to an agent appointed by the Dominion government, and the weight and fineness of the gold to be guaranteed by the British Columbia government.

"The provincial mineralogist points out that, of course, the assay fees will not begin to pay the expenses of an assay office, and the difference would have to be borne by the local government, who would also be responsible for the gold and the correctness of the weight and assays.

"The Dominion government would have to pay the expressage, interest and other charges on value during transit.

"This proposition, if carried into effect, would at least have a tendency towards securing the retention of the gold in Canada, and at the same time at least the trade which the Canadian cities now lose by the gold being taken elsewhere, but, in view of British Columbia's position as a gold producer in

## JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER

## UNRESERVED AUCTION SALE OF THOROUGHBREDS FROM MALLOWMOT

Stock Farm at Victoria Race Track. JUNE 15th, 1901, AT 2.30 P.M.

1. Bay Colt, Bandall—2 years, by Little Mid (stake winner) from Heartsease (stake winner) by x Kyle Daly from Extract (stake winner and dam of 4 winners) by Virgil, etc.

2. Bay Colt x Ery Pyro—2 years, by Milford (stake winner) from x Eastern Lily (granddam of Indian Chief winner French 2,000 guineas) by Speculum from Lily Agnes (Ormonde's dam) by Macaroni.

3. Bay Filly Killasee—2 years, by Little Mid from Elysee (Elysee) winner San Francisco and B. C.) by Fellowcharm from Elsie S. (Elmore's dam) by x Glenelg, etc.

4. Brown Colt, Wallop—2 years, by Little Mid from xx Wandillah (never raced) by Waterloo (Queensland Derby and Loger) from Grace Darling (winner Caulfield cup and guineas and dam of winners) by The Diver, etc.

5. Chestnut Colt, Worman—4 years, by xx Doncaster (cup and handicap winner) from xx Wandillah above.

6. Chestnut Filly, 1 year—Unnamed, by Little Mid from Elysee above.

HALFBRED

7. Chestnut Filly, 1 year—By Little Mid from Tripod, a trotting bred Mare.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 will be shown under saddle and are granted untried.

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 should make good racing or polo ponies, and lot 2, a polo pony sire.

X. Means horses imported from England.

XX. Means horses imported from Australia.

Certificate of veterinary as to blemishes (if any) with each horse, but age and breeding only warranted. Certificate Registry American Stud Book for all except lot 7.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION—AUCTIONEER. JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

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Has received instructions from the Hon. J. H. Turner to sell at his residence, Pleasant street, prior to the departure for England, ALL his household furniture and furnishings.

Particulars with catalogues and cards of admission will be issued at a future date.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

the Dominion, it should be clear to anyone that that provision is the one entitled to the mint when one is established.

The British Columbia Board of Trade, having all the above facts in view, has been in communication with the authorities at Ottawa, urging them to reconsider their decision to delay the establishment of assay offices till next season, and has invited the co-operation of the Vancouver Board of Trade in this direction. Failing the desired action on the part of Ottawa, the board has taken steps to get up a guarantee fund here and has invited the Vancouver Board of Trade to join in a concerted scheme to secure the largest possible portion of the gold to the sister cities.

With these ends in view a meeting of the council of the board of trade was held yesterday morning. Mr. W. A. Ward occupied the chair, and the following gentlemen were present: Mayor Hayward, C. H. Lugin, L. Crease, C. F. Todd, H. D. Helmecken and G. A. Kirk.

A. Helmecken reported that he had accompanied the deputation that waited upon the government to see what steps would be taken to attract Yukon miners to Victoria and Vancouver, so as to keep the gold in Canada. The government at Ottawa had been urged to erect assay offices in both Victoria and Vancouver. When the deputation came away from the interview, a telegram and letter were sent to the Vancouver Board of Trade asking them to co-operate with Victoria and to send delegates to meet the Victoria Board of Trade.

A member stated that gold coming from the Yukon was sent to Canadian banks and was then sent to Seattle to be assayed. Efforts should be made to attract the gold to Victoria this summer. If Vancouver was able to telegraph to Dawson that the same price would be paid for gold there as in Seattle, and Victoria pays less, it would be the worst advertisement for Victoria.

The two governments should get together and place Victoria and Vancouver on the same footing as Seattle. The establishment of assay offices would be more important than a mint. A mint was a detail. Assay offices were material. If an assayer was allowed to guarantee, he would always be correct; he would allow a margin for errors.

Mr. Lugin said that there was quite a loss in Dawson in gold trade. If a man received gold dust in trade, when he took the dust to a bank he did not receive the full value, but the bank value. Mr. Lugin thought the matter ought to be placed before Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Sifton, when they come out here in July. Trade in gold dust should be made in more. Whenever a miner sold his gold it should be worth its assayed value at Dawson. The Dominion government should pay the expenses of the transportation of the gold and assaying it, so that the miner would receive the same value for his gold as he would in Dawson. Steps should be taken to place the matter before the Premier and the Minister of the Interior when they come here.

Mr. L. Crease moved that the council form themselves into a committee of the whole, to secure subscriptions. This was carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

Bedding Plants. I have still some good bedding plants left. Do not delay planting longer. EDW. ALEX. WALLACE, Inverlathish Nursery.

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## W.T. HARDAKER

THE AUCTIONEER

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High-Class English and American Furniture

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WM. T. HARDAKER, Auctioneer.

THOS. HOOPER ARCHITECT

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Bedding Plants Tomato Plants Cabbage Plants

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